

1	Title	1																		
2	DAGM GCPR 2021 - Fast Review Track	2																		
3	Paper ID 000	3																		
4	Abstract. The abstract should briefly summarize the contents of the	4																		
5	paper in 150–250 words.	5																		
6	Keywords: First keyword · Second keyword · Another keyword.	6																		
7	1 First Section	7																		
8	Please add the paper submission id.	8																		
9	1.1 A Subsection Sample	9																		
10	Please note that the first paragraph of a section or subsection is not indented.	10																		
11	The first paragraph that follows a table, figure, equation etc. does not need an	11																		
12	indent, either.	12																		
13	Subsequent paragraphs, however, are indented.	13																		
14	Sample Heading (Third Level) Only two levels of headings should be num-	14																		
15	bered. Lower level headings remain unnumbered; they are formatted as run-in	15																		
16	headings.	16																		
17	<i>Sample Heading (Fourth Level)</i> The contribution should contain no more than	17																		
18	four levels of headings. Table 1 gives a summary of all heading levels.	18																		
Table 1. Table captions should be placed above the tables.																				
	<table> <tr> <th>Heading level</th><th>Example</th><th>Font size and style</th></tr> <tr> <td>Title (centered)</td><td>Lecture Notes</td><td>14 point, bold</td></tr> <tr> <td>1st-level heading</td><td>1 Introduction</td><td>12 point, bold</td></tr> <tr> <td>2nd-level heading</td><td>2.1 Printing Area</td><td>10 point, bold</td></tr> <tr> <td>3rd-level heading</td><td>Run-in Heading in Bold. Text follows</td><td>10 point, bold</td></tr> <tr> <td>4th-level heading</td><td><i>Lowest Level Heading.</i> Text follows</td><td>10 point, italic</td></tr> </table>	Heading level	Example	Font size and style	Title (centered)	Lecture Notes	14 point, bold	1st-level heading	1 Introduction	12 point, bold	2nd-level heading	2.1 Printing Area	10 point, bold	3rd-level heading	Run-in Heading in Bold. Text follows	10 point, bold	4th-level heading	<i>Lowest Level Heading.</i> Text follows	10 point, italic	
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19	Displayed equations are centered and set on a separate line.	19																		
	$x + y = z \tag{1}$																			
20	Please try to avoid rasterized images for line-art diagrams and schemas. When-	20																		
21	ever possible, use vector graphics instead (see Fig. 1).	21																		

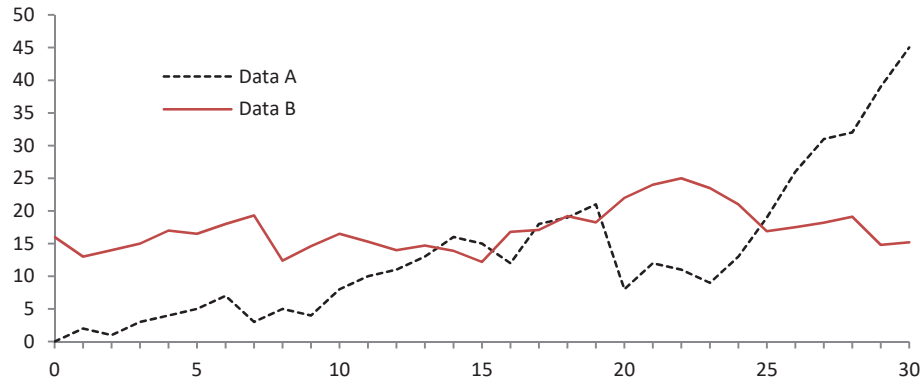


Fig. 1. A figure caption is always placed below the illustration. Please note that short captions are centered, while long ones are justified by the macro package automatically.

Theorem 1. *This is a sample theorem. The run-in heading is set in bold, while the following text appears in italics. Definitions, lemmas, propositions, and corollaries are styled the same way.*

Proof. Proofs, examples, and remarks have the initial word in italics, while the following text appears in normal font.

For citations of references, we prefer the use of square brackets and consecutive numbers. Citations using labels or the author/year convention are also acceptable. The following bibliography provides a sample reference list with entries for journal articles [2], an LNCS chapter [5], a book [3], proceedings without editors [4], and a homepage [1]. Multiple citations are grouped [2,5,3], [2,3,4,1].

References

1. Dataset, <https://dagm-gcpr.de>
2. Author, A.: My journal article. *International Journal of Computer Vision* **147**(1), 195–197 (1981)
3. Author, A.: My Book. Publisher, Bonn (1999)
4. Author, A.: My conference paper. In: CVPR. pp. 181–194. IEEE Press, New York (2001)
5. Author, A., Author, B.: My DAGM GCPR paper. In: Editor, W., Editor, W. (eds.) DAGM GCPR, LNCS, vol. 9999, pp. 1148–1158. Springer Heidelberg (2014)